

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1.		$4.5 \times 1000 \times 1000$	4 500 000	2	M1 for complete method equivalent to $4.5 \times 1000 \times 1000$ A1 for 4 500 000 oe
2.			195	2	M1 for $325 \div (8 - 3) (= 65)$ A1 cao

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

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3.	$30x + 4y = 46 \quad (\times 2)$ $24x + 8y = 45.20 \quad (\times 0.5)$ Eg $60x + 8y = 92$ $24x + 8y = 45.20$ $36x = 46.8$ $x = \frac{46.8}{36}$ Eg $30x + 4y = 46$ $12x + 4y = 22.60$ $18x = 23.4$ $x = \frac{23.4}{18}$ OR Eliminates x first Or substitution back into any correct equation	Petrol £1.30 Oil £1.75	5	B1 for correct equations expressed in terms of two variables (oe) M1 for correct process to eliminate either variable (condone one arithmetic error) A1 for either $x = £1.30$ or $£1.75$ oe M1 (dep on 1 st M1) for correct substitution of their found variable OR M1 (indep of 1 st M1 for a correct process to eliminate the other variable (condone one arithmetic error) A1 cao for both $x = £1.30$ and $£1.75$ oe (SC B1 for $x = £1.30$, B1 for $y = £1.75$ oe if M0 scored)

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

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4.	$180 - 150 (=30)$ $360 \div "30"$ OR $\frac{N-2}{N} \cdot 180 = 150$ $(N-2)180 = 150N$ $30N = 360$	12	3	M1 for $180 - 150 (= 30)$ M1 for $360 \div "30"$ A1 cao OR M1 for $\frac{N-2}{N} \cdot 180 = 150$ M1 for $360 \div "30"$ A1 cao

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
5.			The Friendly Bank	4	<p>M1 for a correct method to find interest for the first year for either bank OR correct method to find the value of investment after one year for either bank OR use of the multiplier 1.04 or 1.05</p> <p>M1 for a correct full method to find the value of the investment (or the value of the total interest) at the end of 2 years in either bank</p> <p>A1 for 2100.8(0) and 2110.5(0) (accept 100.8(0) and 110.5(0))</p> <p>C1 (dep on M1) ft for a correct comparison of <i>their</i> total amounts, identifying the bank from their calculations</p> <p>OR</p> <p>M1 for either 1.04×1.01 or 1.05×1.005</p> <p>M1 for 1.04×1.01 and 1.05×1.005</p> <p>A1 for 1.0504 and 1.05525</p> <p>C1 (dep on M1) ft for a correct comparison of <i>their</i> total multiplying factors identifying the bank from their calculations</p>

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

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6.		12	4	<p>M1 $x, \frac{x}{2}, \frac{x}{2} - 5, 9$</p> <p>M1 $x + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{2} - 5 + 9 < 30$</p> <p>M1 correct method to isolate x</p> <p>A1 cao</p>
7.	<p>$(100\% - 10\%) \cdot \text{Normal Price} = \text{£}4.86$</p> <p>Normal Price = $\text{£}4.86 \div 0.9$</p>	£5.40	3	<p>M1 for '4.86 is 90%'</p> <p>or $(100\% - 10\%) \cdot \text{Normal Price} = 4.86$ or $4.86 \div 90$</p> <p>M1 for $4.86 \div 0.9$ or $4.86 \cdot 10 \div 9$ oe</p> <p>A1 £5.40 (accept 5.4)</p> <p>OR</p> <p>M1 10% = £0.54 or $\text{£}4.86 \div 9$</p> <p>M1 (dep) $\text{£}4.86 + \text{'£}0.54\text{'}$</p> <p>A1 £5.40 (accept 5.4)</p>

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
8.	(a)	graph	2	B2 for fully correct cf graph (accept ogive) condone graph starting at (30, 0) [B1 for 4 or 5 points plotted consistently or for cf graph drawn through points other than end points of intervals]
	(b(i))	53 – 57	3	B1 for 53 – 57 or ft their cf graph (tolerance ± 2 mm square) M1 for ‘upper quartile (from cf = 60)’ – ‘lower quartile (from cf = 20)’ (tolerance ± 2 mm square)
	(ii)	63 – 43	20	A1 for 17 – 23 or ft their cf graph
	(c)	80 – 60	19 – 23	M1 for 80 – ‘60 (from $A = 63$)’ for their cf graph (tolerance ± 2 mm square) or $80 - (52 + [80 - 52] \times \frac{3}{10})$ oe A1 for 19 – 23 [SC B1 for 90 – ‘60 (from $A = 63$)’ (tolerance ± 2 mm square)]
	OR $80 - (52 + [80 - 52] \times \frac{3}{10})$ $80 - 60.4 = 19.6$			

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

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9.	(a) $(3x + 2)(2x + 1) = 100$		2	M1 or $(2x \times 3x) + 2(2x + 1) + 3x = 100$ oe or $(2x \cdot 3x) + (2 \times 2x (\cdot 1)) + 1) + 3x + 1 + 1 = 100$ oe other partitions are acceptable but partitioning must go on to form a correct equation.
	$6x^2 + 4x + 3x + 2 = 100$	$6x^2 + 7x - 98 = 0$ *		A1 Accept $6x^2 + 7x + 2 = 100$ if M1 awarded
	(b) $(3x + 14)(2x - 7) (= 0)$	73.5	5	M2 or $(x =) \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{49 + 2352}}{12}$ or $(x =) \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{2401}}{12}$ If not M2 then M1 for $(3x \pm 14)(2x \pm 7)$ or $(x =) \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{7^2 - 4 \times 6 \times -98}}{2 \times 6}$ condone + in place of \pm and 1 sign error.
	$x = 3.5$			A1 Dependent on at least M1 Ignore negative root.
	(Area =) $6 \times "3.5"{}^2$ or $(3 \cdot "3.5") \cdot (2 \cdot "3.5")$			M1ft Dependent on at least M1 and $x > 0$
				A1 cao Dependent on first M1

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
10.			23.8	5	M1 for $8^2 - 5^2$ or $AC^2 + 5^2 = 8^2$ M1 for $\sqrt{(8^2 - 5^2)}$ (=6.24(4..)) with least one of 8^2 or 5^2 correctly evaluated. M1 for 8π (=25.13 to 25.13(2...)) or $8\pi \div 2$ or 4π (=12.56(6...)) using $\pi = 3.14$ or better M1 for $5 +$ their $AC +$ their arc PBC A1 for 23.7 – 23.9
11.			20 shown	5	B1 for 3 combinations (1 + 8, 5 + 4, 7 + 2) M1 for partial working $\frac{3}{20} \times 80$ or $\frac{3}{20} \times 3$ oe or 80×3 (= 240) M1 for complete working $\frac{3}{20} \times 80 \times 3$ oe M1 (income) 80×70 (= 5600) or 80×0.7 (= 56) C1 for “56 – 36=20” clearly stated

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

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12.	(a)		3×10^m	2	B2 (B1 for $3 \times \sqrt{10^{2m}}$ or 3×10^{km} where $k \neq 1$ or $a \times 10^m$ where $a \neq 3$)
	(b)	$\left((9)^{\frac{3}{2}} = \right) 27 \text{ or } 2.7$ $27 \times 10^{3n} \text{ oe}$	$2.7 \cdot 10^{3n+1}$	3	B1 M1 A1
13.	$3.5^2 + 10^2 (=112.25) \text{ or}$ $6^2 + 3.5^2 + 10^2 (=148.25)$ $\sqrt{112.25} (=10.59..) \text{ or}$ $\sqrt{148.25} (=12.17..)$ $\tan("x") = 6 / "10.59.."$ $\text{or } \sin("x") = 6/"12.17.."$	29.5	4	M1 M1 awrt 10.6 or 12.17 M1(dep on M1M1) A1 awrt 29.5	

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

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14.	$35.5 \cdot 26.5$	940.75	3	B1 for sight of 35.5 or 26.5 or 35.4999(...) or 26.4999(...) M1 for UB length \times UB width where $35.49 \leq \text{UB length} \leq 35.5$ $26.49 \leq \text{UB width} \leq 26.5$ A1 for 940.74 - 940.75 (or $\frac{3763}{4}$)
15.	(a)	$\frac{4}{5}$ oe	1	B1
	(b)	$\frac{1}{x}$	2	M1 $\frac{1}{(\sqrt{x-1})^2 + 1}$ or $\frac{1}{x-1+1}$ A1 (Also accept x^{-1})

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

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16.	(a)	1.6 – 2.4	3	M1 for tangent drawn at time = 3 M1 (dep) for ‘diff y’ ÷ ‘diff x’ A1 for 1.6 – 2.4	
	(b)	Example: $2(0 + 7) \div 2 = 7$ $2(7 + 11) \div 2 = 18$ $2(11 + 12) \div 2 = 23$ $2(12 + 12) \div 2 = 24$ $2(12 + 12) \div 2 = 24$ Total = 96 OR Area \approx 50 squares 1 square = $2 \times 1 = 2$ m $50 \times 2 = 100$	96 – 102 plus comparison	3	M1 for division of area into trapezia or counting squares M1 for use of at least one trapezium (oe) to calculate area or totalling all squares and part squares C1 (dep on M1) for answer in range 96 – 102 and positive comment to compare ‘area’ with 100 (SC B1 for area of 84 if M1 not scored)

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

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17.			565or 566	5	<p>M1 for using other than a linear relationship attempt to establish Month 1 population as $100 \times x$ oe. eg $100\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)$</p> <p>M1 for forming equation $100x^2 = 200$ oe. eg. $100\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^2 = 200$</p> <p>M1 for method to solve equation to establish $x = \sqrt{2}$</p> <p>M1 for attempting to find Month 5 population e.g. $100 \times \sqrt{2}^5$ oe</p> <p>A1 for 565 or 566 given as answer dependent on working seen</p> <p>Or</p> <p>M1 for realising that population doubles in 2 months in a non-linear relationship, e.g. month 4 = 400, month 6 = 800, etc.</p> <p>M1 for forming the equation $2 = x^2$ or $x = \sqrt{2}$</p> <p>M1 for method to solve equation to establish $x = \sqrt{2}$</p> <p>M1 for attempting to find Month 5 population is $100 \times \sqrt{2}^5$</p> <p>A1 for 565 or 566 given as answer dependent on working seen</p> <p>Or</p> <p>M1 for establishing population is of form $N = Ab^t$ oe</p> <p>M1 for substituting $t = 0, N = 100$ gives $100 = Ax^0$ or $A = 100$</p>

IMA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

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					<p>M1 for substituting $t = 2, n = 200$ gives $200 = 100x^2$ and $x^2 = 2$ so $x = \sqrt{2}$</p> <p>M1 for attempting to find Month 5 population is $100 \times \sqrt{2^5}$</p> <p>A1 for 565 or 566 given as answer dependent on working seen</p>
18.	(a) (b)	$\vec{OP} = \vec{OA} + \vec{AP}$ $\vec{OP} = \mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{5}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$ $\vec{OP} = \frac{1}{5}(2\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b})$	<p>b – a</p> <p>proof</p>		<p>B1 for b – a or – a + b oe</p> <p>M1 for $\vec{OP} = \vec{OA} + \vec{AP}$ oe or $\vec{OP} = \vec{OB} + \vec{BP}$ oe</p> <p>M1 for $\vec{AP} = \frac{3}{5}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$ oe or $\vec{BP} = \frac{2}{5}(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b})$ oe</p> <p>A1 for $\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{5}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$ or $\mathbf{b} + \frac{2}{5}(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b})$ oe leading to given answer with correct expansion of brackets seen</p>
19.		$(4n^2 + 2n + 2n + 1)$ $- (2n + 1)$ $= 4n^2 + 4n + 1 - 2n - 1$ $= 4n^2 + 2n$	Proof	3	<p>M1 for 3 out of 4 terms correct in the expansion of $(2n + 1)^2$ or $(2n + 1)\{(2n + 1) - 1\}$</p> <p>A1 for $4n^2 + 2n$ or equivalent expression in factorised form</p> <p>C1 for convincing statement using $2n(2n + 1)$ or $2(2n^2 + n)$ or $4n^2 + 2n$ to prove the result</p>

1MA1 Practice papers Set 5: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0

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	$= 2n(2n + 1)$			

National performance data from Results Plus

Original source of questions					Mean score of students achieving grade:								
Qn	Spec	Paper	Session YYMM	Qn	Topic	Max score	ALL	A*	A	B	C	D	E
1	5MB3	3H	1303	Q09b	Conversions	2	0.26	1.40	0.54	0.14	0.03	0.02	0.05
2	NEW				Ratio	2							
3	5AM1	1H	1206	Q15	Simultaneous equations	5	3.05	4.91	4.66	3.60	1.43	0.36	0.00
4	5MM2	2H	1106	Q08	Interior and exterior angles	3	1.08	2.81	2.13	0.95	0.41	0.09	0.00
5	1MA0	2H	1306	Q14	Compound interest	4	2.22	3.69	3.34	2.79	1.94	0.97	0.23
6	5AM2	2H	1311	Q15	Solve inequalities	4	2.71	3.68	3.10	2.94	2.13	1.96	3.00
7	1380	2H	1106	Q16	Reverse percentages	3	1.41	2.91	2.29	1.41	0.65	0.21	0.05
8	5AM1	1H	1211	Q12	Cumulative frequency diagrams	7	3.79	6.00	4.40	2.89	1.66	0.73	
9	4MA0	2H	1401	Q18	Solve quadratic equations	7	3.46	6.31	4.20	2.00	0.45	0.14	0.00
10	5MM2	2H	1111	Q14	Pythagoras in 2D	5	2.47	4.74	4.14	2.83	1.48	0.42	0.00
11	5MB1	1H	1511	Q11	Probability	5	1.89	5.00	3.75	3.36	2.30	1.54	1.00
12	4MA0	1H	1401	Q18	Standard form	5	1.58	3.26	1.56	0.61	0.14	0.01	0.02
13	4MA0	2H	1305	Q22	Trigonometry	4	1.76	2.87	1.61	0.65	0.16	0.02	0.00
14	1380	2H	1011	Q24	Bounds	3	0.92	2.85	2.25	1.15	0.29	0.04	0.01
15	4MA0	4H	1301	Q23	Functions	3	1.65	2.63	1.96	1.04	0.47	0.14	0.03
16	5AM2	2H	1206	Q20	Distance-time / speed graphs	6	1.77	4.88	2.94	1.02	0.19	0.03	0.00
17	5AM2	2H	1406	Q21	Proportional change	5	1.34	4.47	2.43	0.58	0.18	0.04	0.00
18	1380	2H	906	Q23	Vectors	4	0.81	3.13	1.43	0.47	0.12	0.02	0.00
19	1MA0	2H	1406	Q21b	Algebraic proof	3	0.38	1.88	0.95	0.29	0.07	0.02	0.00
						80							